



School Level Examination  
SLE 2023

GRADE  
7

ENGLISH

Subject Code: 

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Total Questions: 40

Time: 1 hour

**DO NOT OPEN THIS BOOKLET UNTIL INSTRUCTED TO DO SO**

- All questions are compulsory.
- Read the instructions on the **ANSWER SHEET** and fill in your **NAME, CLASS** and **OTHER INFORMATION**.
- To mark your choice of answer by darkening the circles in the **ANSWER SHEET**, use a **BLUE/BLACK BALLPEN** only.
- You **MUST** record your answers on the **ANSWER SHEET** only.
- There are **40 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS**. Use the information provided to choose the **BEST** possible answer among the four options. On your **ANSWER SHEET** fill in the circle that matches your answer.
- Marks are **NOT** deducted for incorrect answers.
- Return the **ANSWER SHEET** to the invigilator at the end of the examination.
- You are **NOT** allowed to use a calculator. You may use a ruler and spare paper for rough work.

ENGLISH

This question paper contains a total of 40 questions divided into two sections - A and B.  
Read the instructions carefully before answering these questions.

**Section A (Subject Specific)**

1. Choose the sentence where the given word has been used as a relative pronoun.

Whom

- (A) Whom did they call for the meeting?
- (B) To whom should they call?
- (C) Will you meet the man whom you dislike so much?
- (D) To whom will you tell the whole story?

2. Fill in the blanks using the appropriate option.

This student needs a piece of \_\_\_\_\_.

- (A) advise
- (B) advice
- (C) advices
- (D) advises

3. Fill in the blank with the most appropriate quantifier.

You should spend \_\_\_\_\_ time on useless discussions.

- (A) a number of
- (B) little
- (C) many
- (D) every

4. Fill in the blanks using appropriate articles.

\_\_\_\_\_ Times of India is the most popular newspaper in \_\_\_\_\_ India.

- (A) A, an
- (B) The, an
- (C) The, No article
- (D) No article, No article

5. Choose the correct degree of the given adjectives.

Least

- (A) Positive
- (B) Comparative
- (C) Superlative
- (D) Not an adjective

6. Fill in the blanks with the correct degree of adjective.

Seema was declared the \_\_\_\_\_ student of the college.

- (A) brilliant
- (B) most brilliant
- (C) more brilliant
- (D) None of these

7. Choose the correct option to replace the phrase in bold in the given sentences, so that the sentence becomes grammatically meaningful and correct.
- The elephant eat** all the bananas we gave it.
- (A) The elephant eats (B) The elephant ate  
(C) The elephant eating (D) The elephant eaten
8. Pick out the finite verb from the given sentence.
- I am a student.
- (A) A (B) Am  
(C) Student (D) I
9. Which of the verbs (in bold) in the given sentences is an intransitive verb?
- (A) He **wrote** a letter to me. (B) They **coughed** a lot.  
(C) I **met** the man yesterday. (D) She **learnt** her lessons well.
10. Choose the correct option where the adverb (in brackets) has been used at its correct position in the given sentence.
- He comes across as a diligent person. (never)
- (A) He **never** comes across as a diligent person.  
(B) He comes across **never** as a diligent person.  
(C) He comes across as **never** a diligent person.  
(D) He comes across as a **never** diligent person.
11. Choose the option with the prepositions that should follow the given word(s).
- I'm looking forward to hearing from \_\_\_\_\_ you.
- (A) from (B) for  
(C) by (D) of
12. Pick out the conjunction from the given sentence.
- Lions live in the jungle, whereas whales live in the sea.
- (A) In (B) Whereas  
(C) The (D) Jungle
13. Identify the type of clause/phrase given in bold.
- They enjoy **playing kabaddi in the evenings**.
- (A) Noun clause (D) Adjective clause  
(C) Gerund phrase (D) Participle phrase

14. Choose the correct option to rewrite the phrase given in bold such that the sentence becomes grammatically meaningful and correct.

The teacher **have just finish** explaining the chapter.

- (A) Have just finished (B) Has just finished  
(C) Has just finish (D) Just have finished

15. Choose the verb that agrees with the subject of the given sentence to fill the blank.

Either the boys or the teacher \_\_\_\_\_ responsible for it.

- (A) were (B) are  
(C) is (D) have

16. Change the sentence from active voice to passive voice.

The teacher is watching us.

- (A) We are watching the teacher. (B) We are being watched by the teacher.  
(C) We are watched by the teacher. (D) We are watching the teacher.

17. Choose the correct transformation of the given sentence to indirect speech.

The fellow passenger said, "The bus will stop here."

- (A) The fellow passenger said that the bus would stop here.  
(B) The fellow passenger said that the bus shall stop here.  
(C) The fellow passenger said that the bus may stop here.  
(D) The fellow passenger said that the bus can stop here.

18. Choose the option with the most appropriate way of writing the given sentence.

Navya was selected to attend madras engineering college at chennai.

- (A) Navya was selected to attend madras Engineering College at chennai.  
(B) Navya was selected to attend Madras Engineering college at chennai.  
(C) Navya was selected to, attend Madras engineering College at chennai.  
(D) Navya was selected to attend Madras Engineering College at Chennai.

19. Which of the following options corrects the bold part of the given sentence?

It may not rain **before they reached** here.

- (A) before they reach (B) before they reaches  
(C) before they had reached (D) before they have reached

20. Choose the option that can replace the word given in bold to completely change the meaning of the sentence.

Let's not argue over such **trivial** issues.

- (A) Unnecessary (B) Silly  
(C) Essential (D) Scary



21. Choose the synonym of the word given in bold.

People were surprised at his **ignorance**.

- (A) Intelligence (B) Dumbness  
(C) Wisdom (D) Knowledge

22. Fill in the blanks with appropriate phrasal verbs.

We should try to \_\_\_\_\_ in difficult situations.

- (A) calm up (B) calm down  
(C) calm under (D) calm to

23. Choose from the given options the correct name of the PROFESSION.

A person who studies about day-to-day weather and makes forecast about the same

- (A) Meteorologist (B) Anthropologist  
(C) Haberdasher (D) Undertaker

24. Complete the following proverbs using the given options.

When in Rome, \_\_\_\_\_ as the Romans do.

- (A) speak (B) do  
(C) behave (D) play

25. Choose the correct meaning of given idiom.

To be on cloud nine

- (A) To fly in the clouds (B) To feel extremely happy or joyful  
(C) To play with clouds (D) To have nine clouds above one's head

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.**

Why do some plants catch insects? All plants need a salt called nitrate. While most of the plants get their requirement of nitrate from the ground, there are some plants which have to resort to other means. These are mostly plants growing in swampy areas, where there isn't much nitrate. These plants trap and digest small insects to get their supply of nitrate.

Insect-eating plants have different mechanisms for catching insects. The sundew has leaves covered with little hairs, each having a drop of sticky liquid at its end. This liquid glistens in the sunlight and attracts insects. As soon as an insect touches the hair, it gets stuck fast to the leaf. A juice oozes out of the leaf and digests the insect.

Venus flytrap is a plant which is just like a trap. Each leaf has two hinged parts, with long hairs on the edge. When an insect touches the hairs, the two parts quickly snap shut and the insect is trapped. The pitcher plant drowns insects within itself. It has a long vase-shaped leaf with a pocket at the bottom, filled with sweetsmelling nectar. When an insect crawls into the leaf to suck nectar, it slips downwards. It falls into the liquid at the bottom and drowns. The salt from the insect is absorbed by the plant.

26. Which plant eats insects?
- (A) Money plant, bougainvillea (B) Venus fly trap, pitcher plant  
(C) English ivy (D) Elephant ears
27. To get the supply of which salt do some plants eat insects?
- (A) Calcium (B) Nitrate  
(C) Sodium (D) Sulfur
28. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
- (A) The salt from the insect is absorbed by the plant.  
(B) Each leaf has four hinged part, with long hairs on the edge.  
(C) Insect eating plants have different mechanisms for catching insects.  
(D) All plants need a salt called nitrate.

**Instruction: Q. 29 to 33 are two-key based questions having four options A, B, C and D out of which TWO are correct.**

29. Which sentence is in passive voice?
- (A) They chased the robbers and caught them.  
(B) The robbers were chased and caught by them.  
(C) Our team was playing the match brilliantly.  
(D) The match was being played brilliantly by our team.
30. Select the sentences with independent clause.
- (A) I want you to come with me for I need your help.  
(B) Tina dreams of being a designer and she works for its fulfilment.  
(C) Gaurav, whose dream is to become a player, has met with an accident.  
(D) Payal has decided to work harder.
31. Select the sentences with correct punctuation.
- (A) "Of all the poems in this book," she said, "this is my favourite. It's really very funny," she added.  
(B) "Of all the poems in this book, this is my favourite. It's really very funny," she said.  
(C) "Of all the poems in this book," she said "this is my favourite. It's really very funny," she added.  
(D) "Of all the poems in this book," she said, "this is my favourite. It's really very funny" she added.
32. Identify the part of the sentence that has an error.  
She has one of those people who takes it to heart.
- (A) She has (B) one of those  
(C) people who takes it (D) to heart

33. Select the sentences that are correct.

- (A) Just as Farah is brilliant, so is her brother.      (B) Both Farah and her brother is brilliant.  
(C) Both Farah and her brother are brilliant.      (D) Just as Farah is brilliant, her brother is also.

### Section B (Competency Enhancement)

34. What type of clause is “where nothing much ever happened” in the second sentence of the passage?

- (A) Adjective clause      (B) Adverb clause  
(C) Noun clause      (D) None of these

35. What is the tense of the verb used in the sentence “Tom decided to pack his bags and hit the road”?

- (A) Present      (B) Past  
(C) Future      (D) Present participle

36. What type of sentence is “He learned about different cultures, traditions, and ways of life”?

- (A) Simple sentence      (B) Compound sentence  
(C) Complex sentence      (D) Compound-complex sentence

37. What is the tense of the verb used in the sentence “He realized that life was about more than just watching the world go by”?

- (A) Present      (B) Past  
(C) Future      (D) Present participle

38. What type of sentence is “Tom loved the quiet simplicity of his town, where nothing much ever happened”?

- (A) Simple sentence      (B) Compound sentence  
(C) Complex sentence      (D) Compound-complex sentence

39. What is the antecedent of the pronoun “he” in the sentence “he knew everyone who passed by” according to the passage?

- (A) Sun      (B) Horizon  
(C) Tom      (D) Porch

40. Identify the kind of participle of the phrase given in bold in the following sentence:

**Having completed her homework**, Priya went to sleep.

- (A) Present participle      (B) Past participle  
(C) Perfect participle      (D) None of these

